ICT Programming & Logic Essentials Objectives Matrix

The *ICT Programming & Logic Essentials* course focuses on fundamental programming concepts. Students will learn about binary numbers, programming languages and ways to structure a program. They will explore problem-solving strategies, and learn about algorithms and programming errors. They will be introduced to structured programming, and work with variables and operators.

ICT Programming & Logic Essentials Objective	ICT Programming & Logic Essentials Courseware Lesson(s) and Section(s)	
Domain 4.1: Demonstrate fundamental knowledge of programming languages and how they are used to communicate with computers.		
4.1.1: Define "programming," and discuss its role in computing.	Lesson 1: Introduction to Programming	
	- What Is Programming?	
4.1.2: Explain the binary representation of data and programs in computers.	Lesson 1: Introduction to Programming	
	- Overview of Programming Languages	
4.1.3: Distinguish among the three types of programming languages (machine, assembly, high-level), and give examples.	Lesson 1: Introduction to Programming	
	- Overview of Programming Languages	
4.1.4: Compare and contrast languages that are usually compiled (e.g., C++, Java) and interpreted (e.g., JavaScript, Python).	Lesson 1: Introduction to Programming	
	- Overview of Programming Languages	
	Lesson 7: Transition to Coding	
	- Exploring Other Visual Coding Environments	
4.1.5: Describe the structure of a simple program, and explain why sequencing is important.	Lesson 1: Introduction to Programming	
	- Deconstructing a Simple Program	
4.1.6: Write a program design document using pseudocode that shows program flow.	Lesson 1: Introduction to Programming	
	- Deconstructing a Simple Program	
Domain 4.2: Demonstrate the use of logic and problem solving, and relate these concepts to computer programming.		
4.2.1: The strategies used in problem solving, and how they relate to computer programming.	Lesson 2: Thinking Logically	
	- Problem Solving	
4.2.2: An "algorithm," is a set of rules or instructions for performing a task or problem solving.	Lesson 2: Thinking Logically	
	- Algorithms	
4.2.3: There are three types of programming errors (i.e., logic, syntax, runtime). There are different forms of testing that can be used to locate and debug errors.	Lesson 2: Thinking Logically	
	- Testing and Debugging Code	
4.2.4: Solve a problem using logic by planning a strategy, designing and testing a hypothesis, and/or creating a set of step-by-step instructions to perform a task.	Lesson 2: Thinking Logically	
	- Algorithms	
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ICT Programming & Logic Essentials Objective	ICT Programming & Logic Essentials Courseware Lesson(s) and Section(s)	
Domain 4.3: Demonstrate knowledge of fundamental structured programming concepts.		
4.3.1: Define "structured programming," and discuss the advantages of this approach.	Lesson 3: Working with Control Structures	
	- Control Structures	
4.3.2: Define the three main programming control structures used in structured programming: sequential, selection (decision), and iteration (loops).	Lesson 3: Working with Control Structures	
	- Control Structures	
	Lesson 5: Working with Functions and Events	
	- Functions	
	Lesson 6: Working with Objects	
	- Programming Approaches: Procedural and Object- Oriented	
4.3.3: Describe iterative programming structures (e.g., while, do/while, etc.) and how they are used in programming.	Lesson 3: Working with Control Structures	
	- Control Structures	
4.3.4: Describe selection programming structures (e.g., if/then, else) and explain the logic used for if statements.	Lesson 3: Working with Control Structures	
	- Control Structures	
4.3.5: Write a simple program in pseudocode that uses	Lesson 3: Working with Control Structures	
structured programming to solve a problem.	- Control Structures	
Domain 4.4: Demonstrate proficiency in basic program	nming and working with data.	
4.4.1: Explain the types and uses of variables in programming.	Lesson 4: Working with Data	
	- Variables	
4.4.2: Explain basic object-oriented concepts.	Lesson 4: Working with Data	
	- Variables	
	Lesson 6: Working with Objects	
	 Programming Approaches: Procedural and Object- Oriented 	
	- Classes, Objects, Properties and Methods	
4.4.3: Describe fundamental Boolean concepts, including Boolean algebra, operators, logic.	Lesson 4: Working with Data	
	- Variables	
4.4.4: Create animated objects using a high-level programming environment (e.g., Alice, Greenfoot) to control their behavior.	Lesson 4: Working with Data	
	- Variables	
	Lesson 5: Working with Functions and Events	
	- Functions	
	Lesson 6: Working with Objects	
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4.4.5: Create a simple program that uses animated objects.	Lesson 4: Working with Data
	- Variables
	Lesson 5: Working with Functions and Events
	- Functions
	Lesson 6: Working with Objects
	 Programming Approaches: Procedural and Object- Oriented
	Lesson 7: Transition to Coding
	- Exploring Other Visual Coding Environments
4.4.6: Convert a simple program from pseudocode into a common high-level programming environment (e.g., Alice, Greenfoot).	Lesson 7: Transition to Coding
	- Exploring Other Visual Coding Environments
4.4.7: Create a simple program using a high-level programming environment (e.g., Alice, Greenfoot).	Lesson 7: Transition to Coding
	- Exploring Other Visual Coding Environments
4.4.8: Troubleshoot and debug errors in code.	Lesson 4: Working with Data
	- Variables
	Lesson 5: Working with Functions and Events
	- Functions
	Lesson 6: Working with Objects
	 Programming Approaches: Procedural and Object- Oriented
	Lesson 7: Transition to Coding
	- Exploring Other Visual Coding Environments